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**MCS-013** 

# M. C. A. (REVISED)/B. C. A. (REVISED) (MCA/BCA)

#### **Term-End Examination**

#### December, 2022

#### MCS-013 : DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

*Time : 2 Hours* 

Maximum Marks : 50

Note : Question Nov is compulsory. Attempt any

three questions from the rest.

- 1. (a) Write De Morgan's laws for predicate logic and propositional logic. 4
  - (b) Show that  $[(p \rightarrow q) \land \sim q] \rightarrow \sim p$  is a tautology, without using truth table. 4
  - (c) Show that  $2^n > n^3$  for  $n \ge 10$ .
  - (d) Construct the logic circuit represented by the Boolean expression  $(X'_1 \wedge X_2) \vee$  $(X_1 \vee X_3)$ , where  $X_1, X_2 X_3$  are assumed inputs to the circuit. 4

P. T. O.

- (e) What is the difference between permutation and combination ? If n couples are at a dance party, in how many ways can the men and women be pained for a single dance ?
- 2. (a) If *m* and *n* are positive integers, show that: (m+n)! + n! = 3
  - (b) Find inverse of the function f(x), where  $f(x) = x^3 3$ .
  - (c) Show whether  $\sqrt{15}$  is a rational or irrational. 4
- 3. (a) Find the Boolean expression corresponding to the following circuit. Also obtain the CNF of the expression : 4



- (b) What is Cartesian product ? Give the geometric representation of the Cartesian product of A and B, where  $A = \{2, 3, 4\}$  and  $B = \{1, 4\}$ .
- (c) Let A =  $\{a, b, c, d\}$  and B =  $\{1, 2, 3\}$  and R =  $\{(a, 2), (b, 1), \{c, 2), (d, 1)\}$ . Is R a function ? What (a, 1) and (a, 1) for a set of the set of the
- 4. (a) What is Piegonhole principle ? Explain with a suitable example. 3
  - (b) Determine all the integer solution to

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 9$$
, where  $x_i \ge 1$ ,  $i = 1$ 

- 2, 3, 4. 3
- (c) Prove by induction that  $n^3 n$  is divisible by 3 for all positive integers. 4

- 5. (a) If there are 5 men and 4 women, how many circular arrangements are possible in which women don't sit adjacent to each other ?
  - (b) Write the principle of duality. Find the dual of : 6
    - (i)  $\sim (X \land Y) \lor Z$ (ii)  $(X \lor Y) \lor X$
    - (ii)  $(X \lor Y)$   $(X \land Z)$